under the other Federal order than are made to plants regulated under the order in this part, or the plant has automatic pooling status under the other Federal order; and

(7) That portion of a pool plant designated as a nonpool plant that is physically separate and operated separately from the pool portion of such plant. The designation of a portion of a regulated plant as a nonpool plant must be requested in writing by the handler and must be approved by the market administrator.

## §1126.8 Nonpool plant.

See § 1000.8.

#### §1126.9 Handler.

See § 1000.9.

#### §1126.10 Producer-handler.

Producer-handler means a person who: (a) Operates a dairy farm and a distributing plant from which there is route disposition in the marketing area

during the month;

- (b) Receives fluid milk products from own farm production or milk that is fully subject to the pricing and pooling provisions of the order in this part or another Federal order;
- (c) Receives no more than 150,000 pounds of fluid milk products from handlers fully regulated under any Federal order, including such products received at a location other than the producer-handler's processing plant for distribution on routes. This limitation shall not apply if the producer-handler's own farm production is less than 150,000 pounds during the month;
- (d) Disposes of no other source milk as Class I milk except by increasing the nonfat milk solids content of the fluid milk products; and
- (e) Provides proof satisfactory to the market administrator that the care and management of the dairy animals and other resources necessary to produce all Class I milk handled (excluding receipts from handlers fully regulated under any Federal order) and the processing and packaging operations are the producer-handler's own enterprise and at its own risk.

### §1126.11 [Reserved]

# §1126.12 Producer.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, *producer* means any person who produces milk approved by a duly constituted regulatory agency for fluid consumption as Grade A milk and whose milk (or components of milk) is:
- (1) Received at a pool plant directly from the producer or diverted by the plant operator in accordance with §1126.13; or
- (2) Received by a handler described in §1000.9(c).
  - (b) Producer shall not include:
- (1) A producer-handler as defined in any Federal order;
- (2) A dairy farmer whose milk is received at an exempt plant, excluding producer milk diverted to the exempt plant pursuant to §1126.13(d);
- (3) Å dairy farmer whose milk is received by diversion at a pool plant from a handler regulated under another Federal order if the other Federal order designates the dairy farmer as a producer under that order and the milk is allocated by request to a utilization other than Class I; and
- (4) A dairy farmer whose milk is reported as diverted to a plant fully regulated under another Federal order with respect to that portion of the milk so diverted that is assigned to Class I under the provisions of such other order

### § 1126.13 Producer milk.

*Producer milk* means the skim milk (or the skim equivalent of components of skim milk), including nonfat components, and butterfat contained in milk of a producer that is:

- (a) Received by the operator of a pool plant directly from a producer or a handler described in §1000.9(c). All milk received pursuant to this paragraph shall be priced at the location of the plant where it is first physically received:
- (b) Received by a handler described in §1000.9(c) in excess of the quantity delivered to pool plants;
- (c) Diverted by a pool plant operator for the account of the handler operating such plant to another pool plant. Milk so diverted shall be priced at the

## § 1126.14

location of the plant to which diverted; or

- (d) Diverted by the operator of a pool plant or a handler described in §1000.9(c) to a nonpool plant, subject to the following conditions:
- (1) Milk of a dairy farmer shall not be eligible for diversion unless a delivery of at least 40,000 pounds or one day's milk production, whichever is less, of such dairy farmer has been physically received as producer milk at a pool plant and the dairy farmer has continuously retained producer status since that time;
- (2) The total quantity of milk diverted during the month by a cooperative association shall not exceed 50 percent of the total quantity of producer milk that the cooperative association caused to be received at pool plants and diverted:
- (3) The operator of a pool plant that is not a cooperative association may divert any milk that is not under the control of a cooperative association that diverts milk during the month pursuant to this paragraph. The total quantity of milk so diverted during the month shall not exceed 50 percent of the total quantity of the producer milk physically received at such plant (or such unit of plants in the case of plants that pool as a unit pursuant to §1126.7(e)) and diverted;
- (4) Any milk diverted in excess of the limits prescribed in paragraphs (d)(2) and (3) of this section shall not be producer milk. If the diverting handler or cooperative association fails to designate the dairy farmers' deliveries that will not be producer milk, no milk diverted by the handler or cooperative association shall be producer milk;
- (5) Diverted milk shall be priced at the location of the plant to which diverted; and
- (6) The delivery requirement in paragraph (d)(1) and the diversion percentages in paragraphs (d)(2) and (3) of this section may be increased or decreased by the market administrator if there is a finding that such revision is necessary to assure orderly marketing and efficient handling of milk in the marketing area. Before making such a finding, the market administrator shall investigate the need for the revision either on the market administra-

tor's own initiative or at the request of interested persons if the request is made in writing at least 15 days prior to the month for which the requested revision is desired effective. If the investigation shows that a revision might be appropriate, the market administrator shall issue a notice stating that the revision is being considered and inviting written data, views, and arguments. Any decision to revise the delivery day requirement or any diversion percentage must be issued in writing at least one day before the effective date.

#### §1126.14 Other source milk.

See § 1000.14.

### §1126.15 Fluid milk product.

See § 1000.15.

### §1126.16 Fluid cream product.

See § 1000.16.

## §1126.17 [Reserved]

### §1126.18 Cooperative association.

See § 1000.18.

# § 1126.19 Commercial food processing establishment.

See § 1000.19.

## HANDLER REPORTS

# § 1126.30 Reports of receipts and utilization.

Each handler shall report monthly so that the market administrator's office receives the report on or before the 8th day after the end of the month, in the detail and on prescribed forms, as follows:

- (a) Each pool plant operator shall report for each of its operations the following information:
- (1) Product pounds, pounds of butterfat, pounds of protein, pounds of nonfat solids other than protein (other solids), and the value of the somatic cell adjustment pursuant to §1000.50(p) contained in or represented by:
- (i) Receipts of producer milk, including producer milk diverted by the reporting handler, from sources other than handlers described in §1000.9(c); and